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INSigHT Action

Building capacity to deal with human trafficking and transit routes in Nigeria, Italy, Sweden

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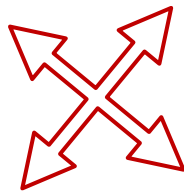
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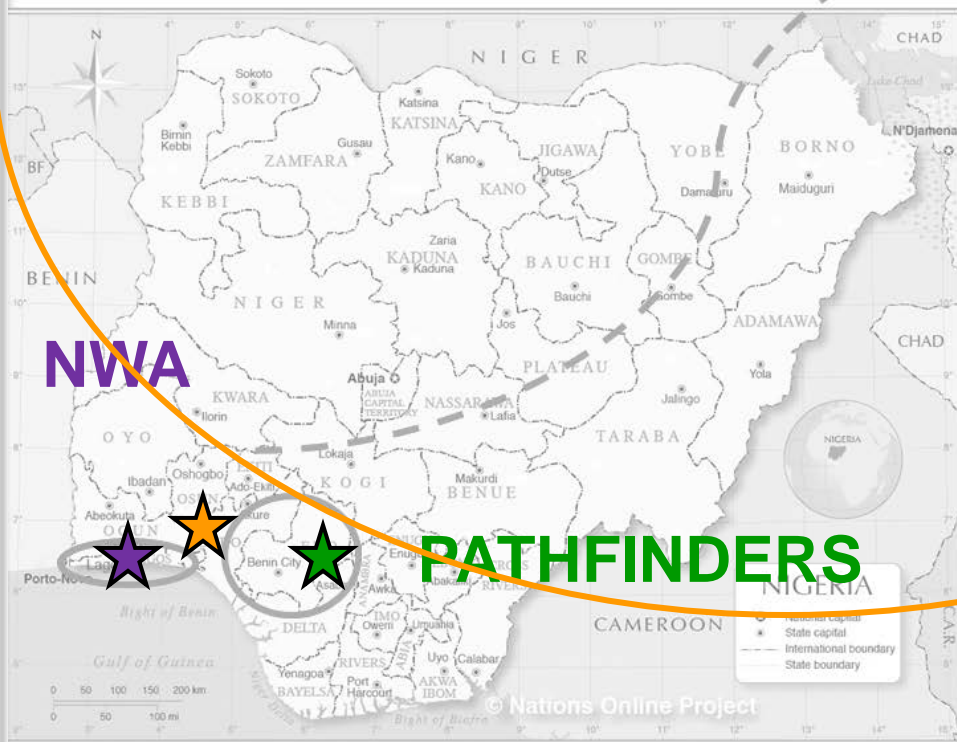


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THE ACTION AND THE GAMM



- The Action is funded by the EU and contracted by ICMPD through the ***Mobility Partnership Facility***
- The MPF contributes to the operationalization of the ***Global Approach to Migration and Mobility***
- **Nigeria is a priority country under the Partnership Framework on Migration**



AREAS OF INTERVENTION



SWEDEN

(Stockholm)



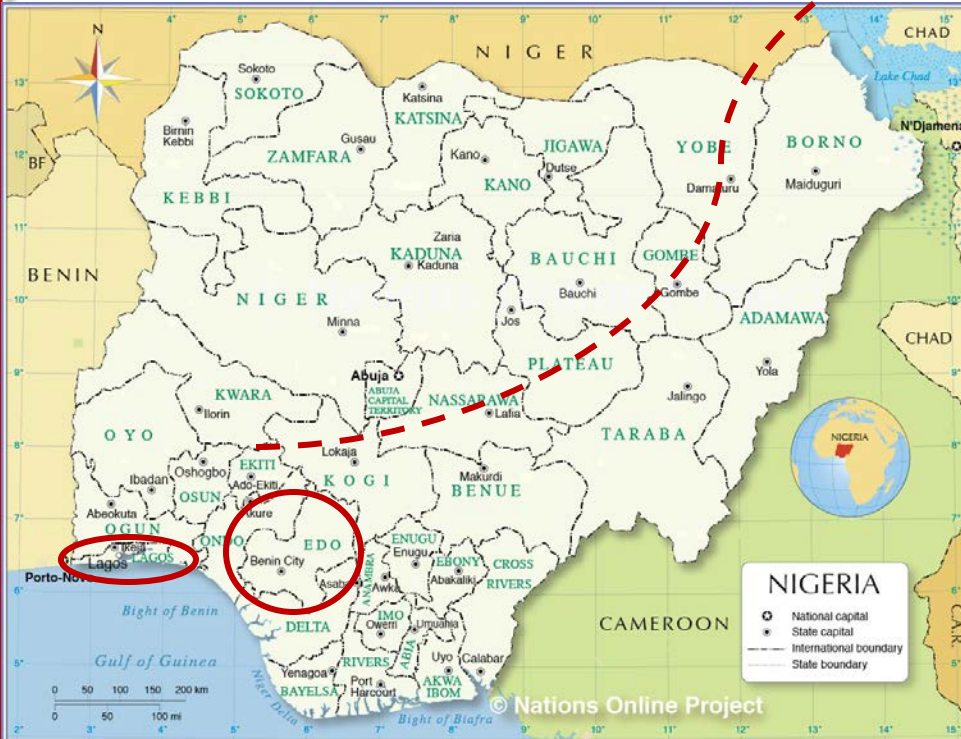
ITALY

(Veneto region and Brenner route)



NIGERIA

(Lagos and Edo States)



May 7, 2109 – INSIGHT Kick-off

NIGERIA
● National capital
● State capital
- - - International boundary
— State boundary

A FEW DATA ON TRAFFICKING (2015-16)



- 20 532 victims were registered in the 28 EU MS
- 44% were citizens of the EU; 56% non-EU citizens
- Top five non-EU countries of citizenship of registered victims: **Nigeria**, Albania, Vietnam, China, Eritrea
- The victims were overwhelmingly **female** (68%)
- 56 % of victims of **sexual exploitation** (95% were **female**)
- 23% of victims of sexual exploitation were **children**
- **Nearly half of the victims with Nigerian citizenship were registered in Italy**
- Evolving forms of HT
 - HT for labour (26%)
 - other forms of HT (18%): ie. **forced begging**
- Since 2015, alongside growing flows of forced migrants, the risk has also grown of HT, involving also secondary and reverse movements



ACTION OBJECTIVES

General objective

To increase the capacity of key local stakeholders in the Veneto Region (Italy), Edo State and Lagos (Nigeria) and Stockholm (Sweden) to tackle HT and to deal with evolving dynamics, trends, modus operandi, with specific attention to female children, while reinforcing transnational cooperation.

Specific objectives

- a) To produce new gender-disaggregated knowledge on emerging trends, mechanisms and dynamics on: recruitment of victims, transit and secondary routes (see also ICMPD Report “The Strength to Carry On”), rehabilitation;
- b) To strengthen the prevention and protection systems for **children** (see also EU priorities);
- c) To improve local stakeholders’ capacity to deal with HT and to **promote knowledge-based and gender-aware policy-making** (see also EU Strategy towards the Eradication of HT);
- d) To raise awareness of victim returnees and law enforcement officers on evolving dynamics.

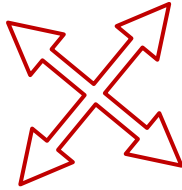


ACTION ACTIVITIES



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Communication & dissemination

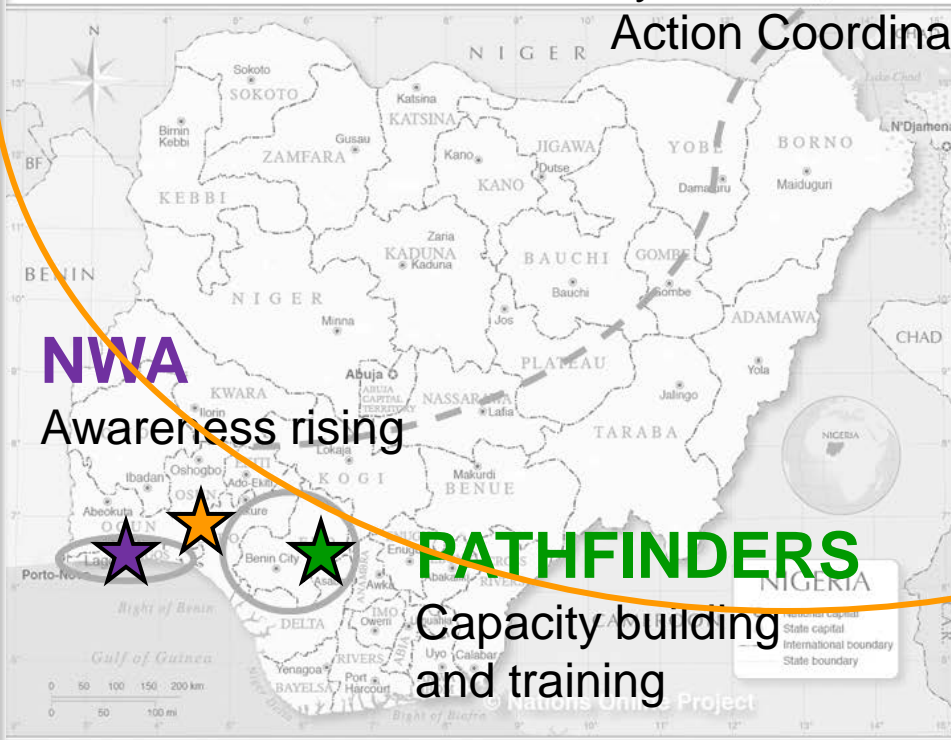


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Research on trends and systems + Action Coordination

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Capacity building and training





EMERGING ISSUES ON TRAFFICKING

- Policies and practices do influence the experience of the migrants and the victims of HT
- National perspective fits uneasily with people's lived experiences
- Links between *smuggling* and *trafficking*
- Obstacles and limited access to information for people *en route*
- Inadequate access to protection, particularly for children/women
- Critical elements of asylum procedures and referral systems
- Critical elements of voluntary return and resettlement programs
- Critical elements of awareness raising



PARTICIPATIVE SESSION: AWARENESS RAISING



- Awareness raising in face of the risks of re-trafficking: are there on-going initiatives, what are the obstacles they face and the issues that need addressing?
- Some critical issues
 - fragmentation
 - limited follow-up
 - scarce (local) institutional involvement
 - limited consideration for symbolic and religious issues
 - limited impact on women's empowerment
 - limited attention to the risk of re-trafficking and evolving dynamics of HT (?)



ROUNDTABLE: TRANSNATIONAL COOPERATION



- Towards a transnational system for the prevention and protection of the victims of trafficking: what is the role of institutions? How can their engagement be promoted through transnational cooperation?



Thank you for your attention!

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INSigHT Project